

THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY AUDIT REPORT YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023



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Romano, Hearing, Testa & Knorr

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Chairman and Commissioners of The Landis Sewerage Authority Vineland, New Jersey

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Landis Sewerage Authority for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audits, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of The Landis Sewerage Authority as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of The Landis Sewerage Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

Prior Period Restatement

During 2024 the Authority determined that their Lease Receivable and Deferred Inflow of Resources Related to Leases were inadvertently overstated at the time of implementation of GASB 87. As a result, the accompanying financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023 have been restated, as described in *Note 9* of the financial statements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The Landis Sewerage Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The Landis Sewerage Authority's internal
 control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements (Continued)

• Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The Landis Sewerage Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of the Authority's pension contributions as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary schedules as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary schedules, as listed in the table of contents, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 20, 2025 on our consideration of The Landis Sewerage Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of The Landis Sewerage Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering The Landis Sewerage Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ROMANO, HEARING, TESTA & KNORR

Romano, Hearing, Testa & Know

Certified Public Accountants

October 20, 2025

Romano, Hearing, Testa & Knorr

PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Chairman and Commissioners of The Landis Sewerage Authority Vineland, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and audit requirements prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of The Landis Sewerage Authority as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 20, 2025. Our report on the financial statements included an emphasis of matter paragraph describing the restatement of the prior period financial statements.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered The Landis Sewerage Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The Landis Sewerage Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of The Landis Sewerage Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether The Landis Sewerage Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ROMANO, HEARING, TESTA & KNORR

Romano, Hearing, Testa & Know

Certified Public Accountants

October 20, 2025

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART I



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of The Landis Sewerage Authority's (the Authority) annual financial report presents the analysis of the Authority's overall financial position and results of operation for the year that ended on December 31, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Authority's Net Capital Assets total \$63.39 million, which is a \$1.402 million or 2.16% decrease from 2023.
- The Authority's Total Assets are \$76.74 million, which is a \$2.58 million or 3.26% decrease from 2023.
- During the year, the Authority's operating revenues were \$11.64 million, which is a \$.264 million or 2.22% decrease from 2023 and operating expenses were \$12.99 million, which is a \$.108 million or .84% increase from 2023.
- The Authority's Net Position decreased by \$1.696 million.
- During 2024 the Authority determined that their Lease Receivable and Deferred Inflow of Resources Related to Leases were inadvertently overstated at the time of implementation of GASB 87. As a result, the accompanying financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023 have been restated, as described in Note 9 of the financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Authority is a single enterprise fund. The Authority's Audit Report includes the required Basic Financial Statements, as described below, the Notes to Financial Statements, required supplementary information, which consists of this Management Discussion and Analysis and required Pension Schedules and finally, supplementary information.

REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements report information about the Authority using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short- and long-term financial information about its activities.

The **Statement of Net Position** includes all of the Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to Authority creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for computing rate of return, evaluating the capital structure of the Authority, and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the Authority.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the **Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position**. This statement measures the success of the Authority's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the Authority has successfully recovered all its costs through its wastewater treatment user fees and other charges. This statement also measures the Authority's profitability and credit worthiness. The other required financial statement is the **Statement of Cash Flows**. The primary purpose of this statement is to provide information about the Authority's cash receipts and cash payments during the reporting period. This statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing and financing activities, and provides answers to such questions as "where did cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in cash balance during the reporting period?"

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY AS A WHOLE

One of the most important questions asked about the Authority's finances is "Is the Authority, as a whole, better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position report information about the Authority's activities in a way that will help answer this question. These two statements report the net position of the Authority, and changes in net position. You can think of the Authority's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Authority's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, you will need to also consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, customer growth, and legislative mandates.

The analysis below focuses on the Authority's net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) during the year.

Table 1 **Net Position**(Dollars in Thousands)

2024-2023 Increase (Decrease)

				2023	_	•
	-	2024	-	Restated	\$	%
Current Assets	\$	9,609	\$	10,819	\$ (1,210)	(11.18)
Noncurrent Assets		67,126		68,499	(1,373)	(2.00)
Total Assets	=	76,735	-	79,318	(2,583)	(3.26)
Deferred Outflows of Resources	=	537	-	617	(80)	(12.97)
Current Liabilities:						
Payable from Unrestricted Assets		1,275		1,294	(19)	(1.47)
Payable From Restricted Assets		1,048		970	78	8.04
Long-Term Liabilities		28,363		29,740	(1,377)	(4.63)
Total Liabilities	-	30,685	-	32,004	(1,319)	(4.12)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	7,064	_	6,712	352	5.24
Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Net Position:		41,313		42,054	(741)	(1.76)
Debt Service		1 522		1 522	0	0
Operating		1,532 1,765		1,532 1,715	50	2.92
Renewal & Replacement		700		1,713	(300)	(30.00)
Unrestricted		(5,787)		(5,082)	(705)	(13.87)
Total Net Position	\$	39,523	\$_	41,219	\$ (1,696)	(4.11)

Table 2
Statement of Revenues,
and Changes in Net
Position Expenses
(Dollars in Thousands)

2024-2023 Increase(Decrease) 2023 2024 Restated \$ % Operating Revenues: User Charges & Fees \$ 11,106 \$ 11,140 (34)(.31)Connection Fees 152 385 (233)(60.52)Other Operating 381 378 3 .79 Nonoperating Revenues (37.27)621 990 (369)**Total Revenues** 12,260 12,893 (633)(4.91)Operating Expenses: Cost of Providing Services 7,938 7,798 140 1.80 Administrative and General 2,245 2,274 29 (1.28)Depreciation 2,810 2,813 3 (.11)Non-Operating Expense: Interest 913 932 (19)(2.04)Other 50 50 0 **Total Expenses** 13,956 13,868 88 .63 Loss Before Capital Contributions (1,696)(975)(721)(31.79)Capital Contributions 63 (63)(100.0)Change in Net Position (1,696)(912)(784)(85.96)**Total Net Position-Beginning** 41,219 42,131 (912)(2.16)**Total Ending Net Position** 39,523 41,219 (1,696)(4.11)

REVENUES

The Authority's total revenues are approximately \$12.17 million for the year ended December 31, 2024. User Charges & Fees were \$11.1 million, accounting for 91% of total revenue. Operating expenses include the cost of providing services, which totaled \$7.9 million, and administrative and general costs of \$2.2 million.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of December 2024, the Authority had \$63.39 million invested in a broad range of capital assets. More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 3 to the financial statements. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$2.81 million.

The following tables summarize the Authority's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and changes therein, for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Table 3

Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation (Dollars in Thousands)

						- 2023 Decrease)
	_	2024	-	2023	\$	%
Land Treatment Plant and	\$	2,020	\$	2,020	\$ -	-
Pumping Stations		20,859		22,248	(1,389)	(6.24)
Mains & Accessories		26,518		26,283	232	.88
Machinery & Equipment		13,740		14,167	(427)	(3.01)
Office Furniture & Fixtures		48		56	(8)	(14.29)
Construction in Progress		202		16	186	1,162.5
	\$_	63,387	\$	64,790	\$ (1,406)	(2.17)

This year's additions (in thousands) include:

Treatment Plant and Pumping Stations	133
Mains & Accessories	867
Machinery and Equipment	213
Construction in Progress (Net)	186
Office Furniture & Fixtures	8

The Authority's FY 2025 capital budget plans to invest another \$4.690 million in capital projects, including the following (in thousands):

Collection	1,550
Trucks, Vehicles	110
Plant & Process Equipment	2,829
Office Equipment	6
Equipment	195
TOTAL	\$4,690

The Authority plans on funding those capital projects using a combination of existing cash, grants and year 2025 revenue.

Debt Administration

In August 2016, the Authority issued \$25,000,000 in new debt entitled Series 2016 that mature in various amounts through 2046 with an interest rate of 3.95%. The first principal of \$530,583 was paid in 2020. More detailed information about long-term liabilities can be found in Note 4 of the financial statements.

NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The 2025 adopted budget did not include a rate increase.

CONTACTING THE AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the Authority's customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact the Authority's Executive Director at The Landis Sewerage Authority, 1776 South Mill Road, Vineland, NJ 08360.



THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

ASSETS	2024	2023 (RESTATED)
CURRENT ASSETS - UNRESTRICTED:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 167,511	\$ 173,711
Accounts Receivable	1,597,843	1,608,927
Other Receivables	25,476	169,942
Interest Receivable	32,421	19,972
Lease Receivable - Current	3,222	3,091
Prepaid Expenses	135,339	134,982
Inventory	511,608	524,164
Total Current Assets - Unrestricted	2,473,420	2,634,789
CURRENT ASSETS - RESTRICTED:		
Accounts Required by the Authority's Bond Resolution:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,288,830	6,457,681
Investments	1,561,089	1,525,853
Other Accounts:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	285,944	200,939
Total Current Assets - Restricted	7,135,863	8,184,473
NONCURRENT ASSETS:		
Accounts Required by the Authority's Bond Resolution:		
Investments	1,989,820	1,957,115
Lease Receivable - Noncurrent	1,748,768	1,751,990
Capital Assets, Net	63,387,555	64,789,768
Total Noncurrent Assets	67,126,143	68,498,873
TOTAL ASSETS	76,735,426	79,318,135
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred Amount Relating to Pensions	536,819	617,203
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	536,819	617,203

(Continued)

THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

	2024	2023 (RESTATED)
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
CURRENT LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM UNRESTRICTED ASSETS:		
Accounts Payable - Operations	\$ 325,257	\$ 347,547
Accrued Pension Liability	630,217	646,815
Accrued Liabilities - Other	319,407	300,016
Total Current Liabilities Payable From Unrestricted Assets	1,274,881	1,294,378
CURRENT LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS:		
Contracts Payable - Construction	22,352	62,656
Revenue Bonds Payable - Current Portion	645,686	620,823
Escrow - Developers	285,944	200,939
Due to Developers	93,565	85,733
Total Current Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets	1,047,547	970,151
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:		
Accrued Pension Liability - Non-Current Portion	315,109	323,408
Revenue Bonds Payable - Non-Current Portion	21,480,227	22,125,913
Accrued Compensated Absences	274,037	280,319
Net Pension Liability	6,293,297	7,009,741
Total Long-Term Liabilities	28,362,670	29,739,381
TOTAL LIABILITIES	30,685,098	32,003,910
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred User Charge Revenue	3,431,057	3,462,012
Deferred Connection Fees Revenue	1,511,880	1,235,170
Deferred Amount Relating to Leases	1,481,446	1,551,992
Deferred Amount Relating to Pensions	639,326	462,827
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	7,063,709	6,712,001
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	41,313,780	42,054,866
Restricted:		
Debt Service	1,531,798	1,531,798
Operating	1,765,000	1,715,000
Renewal and Replacement	700,000	1,000,000
Unrestricted	(5,787,140)	(5,082,237)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 39,523,438	\$ 41,219,427

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

	2024			2023 (RESTATED)		
OPERATING REVENUE:						
User Charges and Fees	\$	11,106,182	\$	11,139,464		
Connection Fees		152,420		385,312		
Other		381,098		378,120		
Total Operating Revenue		11,639,700		11,902,896		
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Cost of Providing Services		7,938,281		7,798,321		
Administrative and General		2,245,081		2,274,032		
Depreciation		2,810,207		2,813,145		
Total Operating Expenses		12,993,569		12,885,498		
OPERATING LOSS		(1,353,869)		(982,602)		
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES):						
Miscellaneous Income		67,223		453,634		
Interest Income		392,261		338,117		
Lease Income		70,545		70,545		
Interest Income on Leases		72,788		72,913		
Increase in Fair Value of Investments		9,262		54,739		
Interest Expense		(913,471)		(932,434)		
Appropriation to City of Vineland		(50,000)		(50,000)		
Gain on Sale of Investment		8,438		-		
Gain on Disposal of Capital Asset		834				
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)		(342,120)		7,514		
LOSS BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		(1,695,989)		(975,088)		
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS				63,460		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (1,695,989)				(911,628)		
TOTAL NET POSITION- BEGINNING		41,219,427		42,131,055		
TOTAL NET POSITION- ENDING	\$	39,523,438	\$	41,219,427		

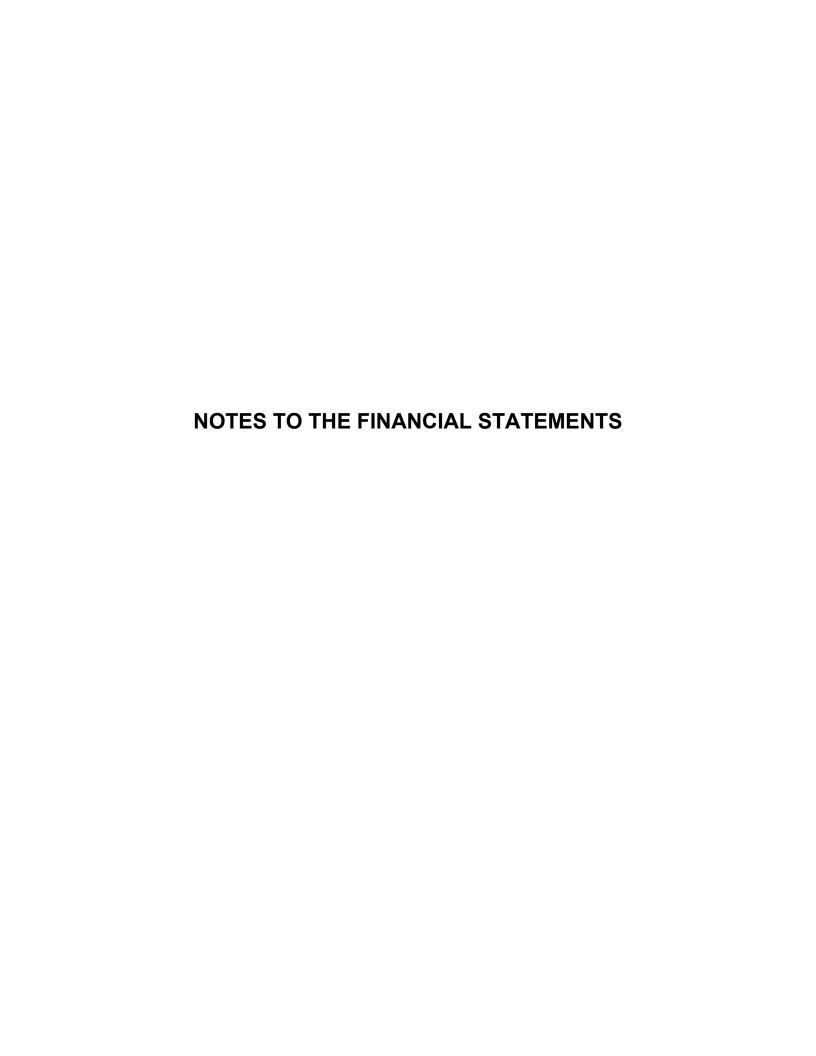
THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

	2024	2023 (RESTATED)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		(REGIATES)
Cash Received from Customers and Users	\$ 11,515,441	\$ 11,476,271
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(2,280,962)	(2,286,778)
Cash Payments for Employee Services	(8,383,841)	(8,213,986)
Other Operating Receipts (Payments)	533,395	289,256
one operating recorpts (raymone)		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	1,384,033	1,264,763
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Other Non-Operating Revenue and Expenses	93,102	479,514
Other Non-Operating Nevertue and Expenses	93,102	479,514
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities	93,102	479,514
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(1,479,141)	(553,728)
Principal Paid on Bonds	(620,823)	(596,917)
Interest Paid on Bonds	(913,471)	(932,434)
Increase in Escrow Accounts	85,005	29,776
Net Cash Used In Capital and		
Related Financing Activities	(2,928,430)	(2,053,303)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Interest Received on Investments	379,812	338,117
Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of Investment Securities	1,500,000	
Purchase of Investment Securities	(1,518,564)	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	361,248	338,117
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,090,046)	29,091
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,832,331	6,803,240
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 5,742,285	\$ 6,832,331

(Continued)

THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

	2024	2023 (RESTATED)
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating Loss	\$ (1,353,869)	\$ (982,599)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation Increase (Decrease) in Cash Resulting From Changes in:	2,810,207	2,813,145
Accounts Receivable	11,084	(170,920)
Grant and Other Receivables	144,466	(79,395)
Prepaid Expenses Inventories	(357) 12,555	127,433 (4,815)
Deferred Outflows - Amount Related to Pensions	80,384	403,460
Accounts Payable - Operations	(22,290)	(89,363)
Accrued Pension Liability - Current	(16,598)	39,589
Accrued Liabilities - Other	`19,391 [°]	4,223
Due to Developers	7,832	(9,472)
Deferred User Charge Revenue	(30,955)	(28,745)
Deferred Connection Fees	276,710	151,160
Net Pension Liability	(716,444)	(257,132)
Accrued Pension Liability - Non-Current	(8,299)	19,795
Accrued Compensated Absences	(6,282)	17,716
Deferred Inflows - Amount Related to Pensions	176,499_	(689,317)
Total Adjustments	2,737,903	2,247,362
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 1,384,033	\$ 1,264,763
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$ 167,511	\$ 173,711
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted Accounts Required		
by Authority's Bond Resolutions	5,288,830	6,457,681
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Other Restricted Accounts	285,944	200,939
	\$ 5,742,285	\$ 6,832,331



NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Landis Sewerage Authority, a public body corporate and politic organized and existing under the laws of the State of New Jersey, owns and operates certain sewerage collection, transmission, treatment and disposal facilities and is presently responsible for providing sanitary sewerage service to the City of Vineland and to neighboring areas. The Authority bills and collects its revenue from the users of the system.

The Authority was established on July 15, 1946, by an ordinance of the Township Committee of the former Landis Township, now part of the City of Vineland pursuant to the Act. The Authority has been in continuous existence since it was established.

As a public body, under existing statute the Authority is exempt from both federal and state taxes.

Financial Reporting Entity

The commissioners of the Authority are appointed by the City Council of the City of Vineland and therefore, the Authority is a related organization of the City as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 and GASB Statement No.61, but not a component unit of the City. The Authority does not have any component units for which it is accountable.

Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the Authority are an enterprise fund. An enterprise fund is a Proprietary type fund used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises- where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or the change in net position is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The accompanying financial statements are reported using the "economic resources measurement focus," and the "accrual basis of accounting." Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The principal operating revenues of the Authority are user charges and fees for sewerage treatment. The Authority also recognizes income from the sale of crops raised in its farm operations, lab testing fees, connection fees and receiving station income as operating revenue. Operating expenses include cost of providing services, administrative and general expenses, and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Authority must adopt an annual budget in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:31-2. The budget must be introduced by the governing body at least 60 days prior to end of the current fiscal year, and adopted no later than the beginning of the Authority's fiscal year. The budget is adopted on the accrual basis of accounting with provision for cash payments for bond principal. Depreciation and amortization expense are not included as budget appropriations. The Authority may make budget transfers and amendments at any time, which must be approved by resolution of the Authority and by the State of New Jersey Division of Local Government Services if the legal level line items are affected. Detailed line item transfers not affecting the legal level line items may be made by management at any time. There are no statutory provisions that budgetary line items not be over-expended.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds, cash in banks and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase. Investments are stated at fair value.

New Jersey governmental units are required by N.J.S.A. 40A:5-14 to adopt a cash management plan and to deposit and/or invest its funds pursuant to that plan. The governing body of the Authority has adopted a cash management plan ("the plan") and, as required, approves the plan annually. The plan includes the designation of the public depositories to be utilized by the Authority to deposit public funds.

Eligible depositories are defined in section 1 of P.L. 1970, c.236 (C. 17.9-41) and are limited to banks or trust companies having their place of business in the State of New Jersey and organized under the laws of the United States or of the State of New Jersey or with the New Jersey Cash Management Fund. N.J.S.A. 40A:5-15.1 provides a list of investments which may be purchased by New Jersey governments and their component units.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et. seq., which establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units, requires that governmental units shall deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

Protection Act (GUDPA). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect governmental units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. Public depositories include state or federally chartered banks, savings banks or associations located in the State of New Jersey or state or federally chartered banks, savings banks or associations located in another state with a branch office in the State of New Jersey, the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value of at least five percent (5%) of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of Governmental Units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the governmental units.

The cash management plan adopted by the Landis Sewerage Authority requires it to deposit funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of GUDPA.

Accounts Receivable

The Authority has provided for doubtful accounts by the allowance method. The allowance for doubtful accounts is based upon management's estimate of potentially uncollectible accounts.

<u>Inventory</u>

Inventory consists principally of chemicals, fuels, materials and supplies used in the treatment process and farm operation and are stated at cost determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which consist of property, plant and equipment, are stated at cost which includes direct construction costs and other expenditures related to construction.

Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

System construction costs are charged to construction in progress until such time as given segments of the system are completed and put into operation. Construction in progress is stated at cost.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Treatment plant and pumping stations
Sewer mains, improvements and accessories
Machinery and equipment
Office furniture
Vehicles
40 years
75 years
5 - 15 years
5 - 10 years
5 years

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The Statements of Net Position report separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, reported after Total Assets, represents a reduction of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) at that time. Deferred inflows of resources, reported after Total Liabilities, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) at that time.

Transactions are classified as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources only when specifically prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards.

The Authority reports the following as deferred outflows of resources:

Defined Benefit Pension Plans – The difference between expected (actuarial) and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, net difference between projected (actuarial) and actual earnings on pension plan investments, changes in the Authority's proportion of expenses and liabilities to the pension as a whole, differences between the Authority's pension contribution and its proportionate share of contributions, and the Authority's pension contributions subsequent to the pension valuation measurement date.

The Authority reports the following as deferred inflows of resources:

Defined Benefit Pension Plans – The difference between expected (actuarial) and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, net difference between projected (actuarial) and actual earnings on pension plan investments, changes in the Authority's proportion of expenses and liabilities to the pension as a whole, differences between the Authority's pension contribution and its proportionate share of contributions, and the Authority's pension contributions subsequent to the pension valuation measurement date.

The Authority also reports deferred user charge, deferred connection fee revenues and deferred amount relating to leases as deferred inflows of resources.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Bond/Loan Premiums, Discounts

Bond discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond discount.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System ("PERS") and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements* - and *Management's Discussion and Analysis –for State and Local Governments*, the Authority has classified its net position into three components. These classifications are defined as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced, by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position.

If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds or deferred inflows of resources at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Instead, that portion of the debt or deferred inflows of resources should be included in the same net position component as the unspent amount.

<u>Restricted</u> - Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Authority or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets". This component includes net position that may be designated for specific purposes by the Board.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Grants

Contributions received from various sources as grants are recorded in the period earned. Developer financed construction is recorded in the period in which applicable construction costs are incurred. Donated assets are recorded at fair market value at the date of the gift. Grants not externally restricted and utilized to finance operations are identified as non-operating revenue.

Grants externally restricted for non-operating purposes are recorded as capital contributions.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions. The estimates and assumptions affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. The actual results may differ from these estimates.

Income Taxes

The Authority is exempt from income taxes pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 115.

Adoption of Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial requirements for accounting changes and error correction to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. The provisions of this statement were implemented effective with the 2024 financial statements and a prior period adjustment was made to the financial statements for the correction of an error.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. The primary objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through non cash means.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Adoption of Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

This Statement requires that a liability for certain types of compensated absences – including parental leave, military leave, and jury duty leave – not be recognized until the leave commences. This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. The provisions of this statement were implemented effective with the financial statements. The adoption of this statement had no material impact on the Authority's financial statements.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Effective

In December 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the primary government reporting unit or other reporting units that report a liability for revenue debt vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. Additionally, this Statement requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024, and all reporting periods thereafter. Management is currently evaluating the impact this Statement will have on the basic financial statements of the Authority.

In May 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Model Improvements*, The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This Statement also addresses certain application issues. That objective is achieved by improving the quality of the analysis of changes from the prior year, which will enhance the relevance of that information. They also will provide clarity regarding what information should be presented in MD&A. The Statement will become effective for the Authority in the fiscal year ending December 31, 2026. Management is currently evaluating the impact this Statement will have on the basic financial statements of the Authority.

In September 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*. The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets. This Statement requires certain types of capital assets to be disclosed separately in the capital assets note disclosures required by Statement 34. Lease assets and intangible right-to use assets should be disclosed separately by major class of underlying assets. Subscription assets should also be separately disclosed. In addition, this Statement requires intangible assets other than those three types to be disclosed separately by major class. This Statement also requires additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Effective (Continued)

The Statement will become effective for the Authority in the fiscal year ending December 31, 2026. Management is currently evaluating the impact this Statement will have on the basic financial statements of the Authority.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 20, 2025, the date the financial statements were available for issue.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

In accordance with the Series 2016 General Bond Resolution, the Authority has established the following cash and investment accounts for the deposit, in the priority of the order listed, of all revenue received by the Authority:

<u>Revenue</u> - All revenue received by the Authority and transfers to the various accounts described below.

Operating - Amount to be required to pay reasonable and necessary operating expenses for a two month period.

Bond Service (Current Debt Service) - An amount equal to the Bond Service Requirement as detailed in the resolution.

<u>Sinking</u> – Amount equal to all prior Sinking Fund installments then due and unpaid plus an accrual based upon a computation detailed in the resolution.

Bond Reserve (Future Debt Service) - An amount equal to the maximum annual debt service for any one year the Bonds are outstanding. Transfers to meet minimum levels in the Bond Service Fund; any excess is to be withdrawn by the trustee and credited to the Revenue Fund.

<u>Renewal and Replacement</u> - An amount which is reasonably necessary as a reserve for expenses for improvements, constructions, reconstructions, betterments, major repairs, renewals, replacements, or maintenance items of a type not recurring annually or at shorter intervals and for costs of equipment. Transfers to the Bond Reserve Fund if necessary to meet the minimum requirements, or payment, if any, of the necessary costs and expenses of items detailed above

<u>Construction</u> – Any money received by the Authority from any source for payment of costs related to the construction or acquisition of any part of the system.

<u>Rebate</u> – Amounts subject to rebate to the United States Government pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

<u>General</u> – Any amounts in excess of minimum requirements in the above accounts. Transfers into the above funds if needed to meet the required balances in those accounts. When certain requirements are met, the Trustee may pay to the Authority any amount in excess of the required amount, which will be free and clear of any lien or pledge created by the resolution.

In addition to the accounts required by the General Bond Resolution, the Authority has also established the following restricted accounts:

<u>Engineer Developer Custodian & Developer Escrow</u> - The account is for deposits by developers for costs to be incurred by the Authority on their behalf.

COMPLIANCE WITH GENERAL BOND RESOLUTION

Section 610 of the Authority's Series 2016 Bond Resolution requires that the Authority make, impose, charge and collect Service Charges in accordance with the Act. Such Service Charges shall be so fixed, charged and collected so that the Revenues for each Fiscal Year will be at least sufficient to pay (1) all Operating Expenses in the Fiscal Year, (2) One Hundred Ten Percent (110%) of the principal and interest on all Bonds as the same shall become due and payable, without recourse to or withdrawal from the Bond Reserve Fund, and (3) all other amounts that are required to be paid pursuant to the Resolution.

Revenues for the year 2024, as defined in the Authority's Bond Resolution, were greater than the amount necessary to meet those provisions and therefore the Authority met the rate covenant contained in Section 610 of the Authority's Bond Resolution, which is calculated as follows:

Revenues (Cash Collections)		\$ 16,801,410
Operating and Maintenance Expenses (Budgetary Basis)		11,930,746
110% of Bond Service: Bond Service X 110%	\$1,534,294 X 110%	1,687,723
Total Expenses and 110% of Bond Service		13,618,469
Excess of Revenues over Expenses and 110% of Bond Service		\$ 3,182,941

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

AMOUNTS REQUIRED BY BOND RESOLUTION

The following cash and investment accounts are required by the General Bond Resolution:

	Operating		Operating Bond Service		Sinking		Bond Reserve			
	Fund		Fund		ind Fund		Fund		Fund	
Cash and Investments	\$	1,843,768	\$	90,839	\$	7	\$	1,596,694		
Required Amount	1,765,000							1,531,798		
Excess	\$	78,768	\$	90,839	\$	7	\$	64,896		

ARBITRAGE RULES

The Authority is subject to certain arbitrage rules added to the Internal Revenue Code in 1969 and amended by TEFRA in 1992 and by the 1986 TRA. Under these rules, interest earnings on certain investments of proceeds of the Authority's bonds are subject to the limitations imposed by the arbitrage provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. The Authority is required to rebate certain arbitrage profits on non-purpose investments at least once every five years. At December 31, 2024 and 2023 there were no material arbitrage profits subject to rebate.

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES - ASSETS

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At December 31, 2024 and 2023, the carrying amount of the Authority's time and demand deposits were \$1,717,030 and \$1,659,947, respectively, and the bank balance of the Authority's time and demand deposits were \$1,869,438 and \$1,775,408, respectively. All of the time and demand deposits were covered by either federal deposit insurance or by the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA).

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. Although the Authority does not have a formal policy regarding custodial credit risk, N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. requires that governmental units shall deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act. Under the Act, the first \$250,000 of governmental deposits in each insured depository is protected by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The Authority's public funds in excess of the FDIC insured amounts are protected by GUDPA. As of December 31, 2024, \$535,944 of the Authority's bank balance of \$1,869,438 was insured and \$1,333,494 was uninsured and collateralized. As of December 31, 2023, \$450,939 of the Authority's bank balance of \$1,775,408 was insured, \$1,324,469 was uninsured and collateralized.

NOTE 3 DETAIL NOTES – ASSETS (CONTINUED)

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

In addition to the bank deposits described above, the Authority also had \$74,490 at December 31, 2024 and \$74,490 at December 31, 2023 that was invested in a government money market fund which is not covered by federal deposit insurance or by GUDPA, but which invests exclusively in general obligations issued by the U.S. Government and backed by its full faith and credit and which carries a credit rating of AAA.

At December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Authority had \$3,950,765 and \$5,097,894, respectively, invested in the New Jersey Cash Management Fund ("the Fund") which is not covered by either federal deposit insurance or by GUDPA. The Fund is governed by regulations of the State Investment Council, who prescribe standards designed to insure the quality of investments in order to minimize risk to the Funds participants. Deposits with the New Jersey Cash Management Fund are not subject to custodial credit risk as defined above.

INVESTMENTS

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Authority, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Authority's name. All of the Authority's investments (\$3,550,909 at December 31, 2024 and \$3,482,968 at December 31, 2023) in U.S. Treasury obligations and agencies and other governmental agencies are held in the name of the counterparty not in the name of the Authority.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>- Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Authority does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. N.J.S.A. 40A:5-15.1 limits the investments that the Authority may purchase in order to limit the exposure of governmental units to credit risk. The Authority's Cash Management Plan also limits its investment choices to those permitted by N.J.S.A. 40A:5-15.1.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – The Authority does not place a limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. All of the Authority's investments are government bonds held in various Federal Agencies, NJ State Agencies, NJ Counties or School Districts.

<u>Fair Value Measurements</u> – The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 3 <u>DETAIL NOTES – ASSETS (CONTINUED)</u>

INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

As of December 31, 2024, the Authority had the following investments and maturities which are measured using Level 1 inputs.

Quality/Rating	Tot	Total Fair Value		
Total Investments	\$	3,550,909		

Investment Maturities (in Years)

Total	Less		
Fair Value	than 1	1-5	6-10
\$ 3,550,909	\$ -	\$3,550,909	\$ -

As of December 31, 2023, the Authority had the following investments and maturities which are measured using Level 1 inputs.

Quality/Rating	Total Fair Value		
Total Investments	\$ 3,482,968		
	Investment Maturitie	es (in Years)	
Total	Less		
Fair Value	than 1	1-5	6-10
\$ 3,482,968	\$ -	\$3,482,968	\$ -

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consists of the following at December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	2024		2023
Accounts Receivable Municipal Liens Receivable	\$	1,394,021 20,802	\$ 1,408,803 20,802
Interest Receivable on Delinquent Charges		183,020	179,322
	\$	1,597,843	\$ 1,608,927

NOTE 3 <u>DETAIL NOTES – ASSETS (CONTINUED)</u>

LEASE RECEIVABLES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS - LEASES

The Authority leases land to a commercial utility company. The lease terms are as follows:

	Number of	
Lesee	Leases	Lease Term
Commercial Utility Company	1	Lease is for 25 years

There is no Authority debt related to the leased property, and therefore there are no lease payments that secure the Authority's debt. Deferred Inflows recognized in 2024 and 2023 were \$70,545 and \$70,545 respectively and the Interest portion of Lease payments received in 2024 and 2023 was \$72,788 and \$72,913 respectively.

The following is a summary of changes in lease receivables for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

	Balance Jan. 1, 2024	2024 Leases	2024 Reductions	Balance Dec. 31, 2024	Amounts Due Within One Year
Lease Receivables	\$ 1,755,081	\$ -	\$ (3,091)	\$ 1,751,990	\$ 3,222
	Balance			Balance	Amounts
	Jan. 1, 2023 (Restated)	2023 Leases	2023 Reductions	Dec. 31, 2023 (Restated)	Due Within One Year
	(Resialeu)	Leases	Reductions	(Nesialeu)	One real
Lease Receivables	\$ 1,758,048	\$ -	\$ (2,967)	\$ 1,755,081	\$ 3,091

The annual lease payments to be received by the Authority, including principal and interest, as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Year Ending	Future Lease Payments						
December 31,	P	rincipal		Interest		Total	
2025 2026	\$	3,222 22,625	\$	72,658 72,225	\$	75,880 94,850	
2027		23,579		71,271		94,850	
2028		24,573		70,277		94,850	
2029		25,608		69,242		94,850	
2030-2034		247,773		321,327		569,100	
2035-2039		461,242		250,133		711,375	
2040-2044		762,821		126,398		889,219	
2045		180,547		4,707		185,254	
Total	\$ 1	,751,990	\$	1,058,238	\$:	2,810,228	

NOTE 3 <u>DETAIL NOTES – ASSETS (CONTINUED)</u>

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	Jan. 1, 2024	Additions	Reductions	Dec. 31, 2024
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$ 2,020,407			\$ 2,020,407
Construction In Progress	16,293	814,776	628,774	202,295
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	2,036,700	814,776	628,774	2,222,702
	_			
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Treatment Plant and				
Pumping Stations	66,735,755	133,423		66,869,178
Mains and Accessories	41,602,531	866,731		42,469,262
Machinery And Equipment	26,935,933	213,459	55,575	27,093,817
Office Furniture and Fixtures	609,003	8,378		617,381
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	135,883,222	1,221,991	55,575	137,049,638
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Treatment Plant and				
Pumping Stations	44,488,092	1,522,166		46,010,258
Mains and Accessories	15,320,029	630,806		15,950,835
Machinery and Equipment	12,768,989	640,588	55,575	13,354,002
Office Furniture and Fixtures	553,044	16,646		569,690
Total Accumulated Depreciation	73,130,154	2,810,206	55,575	75,884,785
	_			
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	62,753,068	(1,588,215)		61,164,853
			_	
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$64,789,768	\$ (773,439)	\$ 628,774	\$ 63,387,555

NOTE 3 <u>DETAIL NOTES – ASSETS (CONTINUED)</u>

<u>CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	Balance Jan. 1, 2023	Additions	Reductions	Balance Dec. 31, 2023			
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:							
Land	\$ 2,020,407			\$	2,020,407		
Construction In Progress	12,163	196,938	192,808		16,293		
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	2,032,570	196,938	192,808		2,036,700		
Depreciable Capital Assets: Treatment Plant and							
Pumping Stations	66,710,202	25,553			66,735,755		
Mains and Accessories	41,400,566	201,965			41,602,531		
Machinery And Equipment	26,504,265	431,668			26,935,933		
Office Furniture and Fixtures	605,206	3,797			609,003		
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	135,220,239	662,983			135,883,222		
Less Accumulated Depreciation: Treatment Plant and							
Pumping Stations	42,963,209	1,524,883			44,488,092		
Mains and Accessories	14,692,687	627,342			15,320,029		
Machinery and Equipment	12,124,426	644,563			12,768,989		
Office Furniture and Fixtures	536,687	16,357			553,044		
Total Accumulated Depreciation	70,317,009	2,813,145			73,130,154		
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	64,903,230	(2,150,162)			62,753,068		
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 66,935,800	\$ (1,953,224)	\$ 192,808	\$	64,789,768		

NOTE 4 DETAIL NOTES - LIABILITIES

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Bonds Payable

In August 2016, the Authority issued its Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, in the principal amount of \$25,000,000. The proceeds derived from the issuance and sale of the Bonds are being used to fund certain capital improvements to the Authority's wastewater treatment plant, pumping stations, and collection system, acquisition of equipment, related soft costs and capitalized interest. Revenues as defined in the Series 2016 Bond Resolution are pledged to secure the payment of principal and interest on the Bonds. The outstanding balance of the Series 2016 Bonds at December 31, 2024 and 2023 in the amount of \$22,125,913 and \$22,746,736 consists of serial maturities ranging from \$645,686 on December 31, 2025 to \$1,472,814 on December 31, 2046 at an interest rate of 3.95% per annum. The Series 2016 Bonds are not subject to prepayment for the first ten years. From year eleven (11) to year thirty (30), the prepayment penalty ranges from 10% of the outstanding principal in year eleven (11) to 1% of the outstanding principal balance in year thirty (30).

NOTE 4 DETAIL NOTES - LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability

For details on the net pension liability, refer to Note 5. The Authority's annual required contribution to the Public Employees' Retirement System is budgeted and paid on an annual basis.

Compensated Absences

Current policy allows employees who retire from the Authority via PERS to be reimbursed for fifty (50%) of accrued sick leave up to a maximum of \$10,000, calculated at the then current rate. Employees may carry vacation time into the subsequent year; however the time must be used within the first 90 days of the subsequent year.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2024:

	Jar	Balance nuary 1, 2024	Ado	litions	Re	eductions	Dece	Balance mber 31, 2024	Du	imounts le Within line Year
Type of Debt: Revenue Bonds Payable:								<u> </u>		
Series 2016	\$	22,746,736			\$	620,823	\$	22,125,913	\$	645,686
Accrued Pension Liability		323,408				8,299		315,109		
Net Pension Liability		7,009,741				716,444		6,293,297		
Compensated Absences		280,319				6,282		274,037		
	\$	30,360,204	\$	-	\$	1,351,848	\$	29,008,356	\$	645,686

NOTE 4 DETAIL NOTES - LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2023:

		Balance						Balance	-	mounts e Within
	Jar	nuary 1, 2023	Αd	dditions	Re	ductions	Dece	mber 31, 2023	0	ne Year
Type of Debt: Revenue Bonds Payable:										
Series 2016	\$	23,343,653			\$	596,917	\$	22,746,736	\$	620,823
Accrued Pension Liability		303,613		19,795				323,408		
Net Pension Liability		7,266,873				257,132		7,009,741		
Compensated Absences		262,603		17,716				280,319		
	\$	31,176,742	\$	37,511	\$	854,049	\$	30,360,204	\$	620,823

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest for revenue bonds payable as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Year Ending					
December 31,	 Principal	 Interest	 Total		
2025	\$ 645,686	\$ 886,112	\$ 1,531,798		
2026	671,545	860,254	1,531,799		
2027	698,440	833,358	1,531,798		
2028	726,411	805,388	1,531,799		
2029	755,503	776,296	1,531,799		
2030 - 2034	4,256,342	3,402,650	7,658,992		
2035 - 2039	5,179,701	2,479,290	7,658,991		
2040 - 2044	6,303,370	1,355,622	7,658,992		
2045 - 2046	2,888,915	174,682	3,063,597		
	\$ 22,125,913	\$ 11,573,652	\$ 33,699,565		

NOTE 5 DETAIL NOTES – RETIREMENT SYSTEM

PENSIONS

A substantial number of Authority employees participate in the Public Employees' Retirement System ("PERS"), a defined benefit pension plan, which is administered by the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits ("the Division"). In addition, Authority employees may participate in the Defined Contribution Retirement Program ("DCRP"), which is a defined contribution pension plan. This plan is administered by Prudential Financial for the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. Each plan has a Board of Trustees that is primarily responsible for its administration. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by obtained from:

State of New Jersey
Division of Pensions and Benefits
P.O. Box 295
Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295
http://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions

Plan Descriptions

Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) - DCRP is a multiple-employer defined contribution pension fund established on July 1, 2007 under the provisions of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007, and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007 (N.J.S.A. 43:15C-1 et. seq.). The DCRP is a tax qualified defined contribution money purchase pension plan under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) § 401(a) et seq., and is a "governmental plan" within the meaning of IRC § 414(d). The DCRP provides retirement benefits for eligible employees and their beneficiaries. Individuals covered under DCRP are employees enrolled in PERS on or after July 1, 2007, who earn salary in excess of established "maximum compensation" limits; employees enrolled in New Jersey State Police Retirement System (SPRS) or the Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) after May 21, 2010, who earn salary in excess of established "maximum compensation" limits; employees otherwise eligible to enroll in PERS on or after November 2, 2008, who do not earn the minimum annual salary for tier 3 enrollment but who earn salary of at least \$5,000.00 annually; and employees otherwise eligible to enroll in PERS after May 21, 2010 who do not work the minimum number of hours per week required for tiers 4 or 5 enrollment, but who earn salary of at least \$5,000.00 annually.

Public Employees' Retirement System – PERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan which was established as of January 1, 1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A. The PERS' designated purpose is to provide retirement, death, disability and medical benefits to certain qualified members. Membership in the PERS is mandatory for substantially all full-time employees of the Authority, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state-administered retirement system or other state pensions fund or local jurisdiction's pension fund. The PERS' Board of Trustees is primarily responsible for the administration of the PERS. The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS.

NOTE 5 DETAILED NOTES – RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Vesting and Benefit Provisions

Defined Contribution Retirement Program – Eligible members are provided with a defined contribution retirement plan intended to qualify for favorable federal income tax treatment under IRC Section 401(a), a noncontributory group life insurance plan and a noncontributory group disability benefit plan. A participant's interest in that portion of his or her defined contribution retirement plan account attributable to employee contributions shall immediately become and shall at all times remain fully vested and nonforfeitable. A participant's interest in that portion of his or her defined contribution retirement plan account attributable to employer contributions shall be vested and nonforfeitable on the date the participant commences the second year of employment or upon his or her attainment of age 65, while employed by an employer, whichever occurs first.

Public Employees' Retirement System – The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and 43:3B. The PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after 10 years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of the PERS.

The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

Tier	Definition
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit and tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age at which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

NOTE 5 DETAILED NOTES – RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Defined Contribution Retirement Program – The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15C-3 and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. In accordance with Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007, plan members are required to contribute 5.5% of their annual covered salary. If applicable, in addition to the employee contributions, Authorities contribute 3% of the employees' base salary, for each pay period, to Prudential Financial not later than the fifth business day after the date on which the employee is paid for that pay period. The Authority had no employees participating in the DCRP for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022.

Public Employees' Retirement System – The contribution policy for PERS is set by N.J.S.A. 15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Funding for noncontributory group insurance benefits is based on actual claims paid. For fiscal year 2024, 2023 and 2022, the State's pension contribution was more than the actuarial determined amount.

The local employers' contribution amounts are based on an actuarially determined rate which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. Chapter 19, P.L. 2009 provided an option for local employers of PERS to contribute 50% of the normal and accrued liability contribution amounts certified for payments due in State fiscal year 2009. Such employers will be credited with the full payment and any such amounts will not be included in their unfunded liability. The actuaries will determine the unfunded liability of those retirement systems, by employer, for the reduced normal and accrued liability contributions provided under this law. This unfunded liability will be paid by the employer in level annual payments over a period of 15 years beginning with the payments due in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and will be adjusted by the rate of return on the actuarial value of assets.

Covered Authority employees are required to contribute a percentage of their salary toward their pension benefits. P.L. 2011, c78, effective June 28, 2011, increased the active member contribution rate from 5.5% of annual compensation to 6.5% plus an additional 1% phased-in over 7 years beginning in July 2012. The member contribution rate was 7.50% in State fiscal years 2024 and 2023. Employee contributions were \$293,121, \$287,533, and \$279,429 for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively. The payroll subject to pension for the Authority's employees covered by PERS was \$3,852,385, \$3,771,792 and \$3,574,658 for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The Authority is required by statute to contribute to the employee's pension benefits based on an annual actuarial calculation. The valuation is a determination of the financial condition of the retirement system. The Authority's required annual contributions to the PERS were \$630,217, \$646,815 and \$607,226 for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively, and is included in the accompanying financial statements. The percentage of employer's contribution rate as a percentage of covered payroll for 2024, 2023 and 2022 was 16.36%, 17.15% and 16.99%, respectively.

NOTE 5 DETAILED NOTES - RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – PERS

At December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Authority reported a liability of \$6,293,297 and \$7,009,741, respectively for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability at December 31, 2024 and 2023 were measured as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability on June 30, 2024 and 2023 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023 and 2022, respectively. At June 30, 2024, the Authority's proportion was 0.0463149496%, which was an increase of 0.0020802474% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2023. At June 30, 2023, the Authority's proportion was 0.0483951970%, which was a decrease of 0.0002427088% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

At December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, the Authority reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		June 3	0, 20	24	June 30, 2023			
	Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources		Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Differences between Expected								
and Actual Experience	\$	126,066	\$	16,754	\$	67,022	\$	28,654
Changes of Assumptions		7,818		71,603		15,399		424,820
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-		291,803		32,281		-
Changes in Proportion and Differences between Authority Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		87,826		259,166		179,093		9,353
Authority Contributions Subsequent to the								
Measurement Date		315,109				323,408		-
	\$	536,819	\$	639,326	\$	617,203	\$	462,827

NOTE 5 <u>DETAILED NOTES – RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)</u>

PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – PERS (Continued

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$315,109 and \$323,408 will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. This amount is based on an estimated April 1, 2025 and April 1, 2024 contractually required contribution.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending Dec 31,	
2025	\$ (453,094)
2026	350,590
2027	(201,702)
2028	(116,441)
2029	 3,031
	\$ (417,616)

NOTE 5 <u>DETAILED NOTES – RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)</u>

PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – PERS (Continued)

The Authority will amortize the above other deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions over the following number of years:

	Deferred Outflow of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflow of <u>Resources</u>
Differences between Expected		
and Actual Experience		
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2018	-	5.63
June 30, 2019	5.21	-
June 30, 2020	5.16	-
June 30, 2021	-	5.13
June 30, 2022	-	5.04
June 30, 2023	5.08	-
June 30, 2024	5.08	-
Changes of Assumptions		
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2018	-	5.63
June 30, 2019	-	5.21
June 30, 2020	-	5.16
June 30, 2021	5.13	-
June 30, 2022	-	5.04
June 30, 2023	-	-
June 30, 2024	-	-
Net Difference between Projected		
and Actual Earnings on Pension		
Plan Investments		
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2019	-	5.00
June 30, 2020	-	5.00
June 30, 2021	-	5.00
June 30, 2022	-	5.00
June 30, 2023	-	5.00
June 30, 2024	-	5.00

NOTE 5 <u>DETAILED NOTES – RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)</u>

PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2024 and 2023 measurement dates were determined by actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2023, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. These actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

	June 30, 2024
Inflation Rate: Price Wage	2.75% 3.25%
Salary Increases:	2.75% - 6.55% Based on Years of Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Mortality Rate Table	Pub-2010
Period of Actuarial Experience Study upon which Actuarial Assumptions were Based	July 1, 2018 - June 30, 2021
	June 30, 2023
Inflation Rate: Price Wage	2.75% 3.25%
Salary Increases:	2.75% - 6.55% Based on Years of Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Mortality Rate Table	Pub-2010
Period of Actuarial Experience Study upon which Actuarial Assumptions were Based	July 1, 2018 - June 30, 2021

NOTE 5 <u>DETAILED NOTES – RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)</u>

PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

For the June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 measurement date, pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis.

Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2024 and 7.00% at June 30, 2023) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pension and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of returns for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 are summarized in the table:

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-	June 30, 2024		Jun	e 30, 2023
Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	28.00%	8.63%	28.00%	8.98%
Non-U.S. Developed Market Equity	12.75%	8.85%	12.75%	9.22%
International Small Cap Equity	1.25%	8.85%	1.25%	9.22%
Emerging Market Equities	5.50%	10.66%	5.50%	11.13%
Private Equity	13.00%	12.40%	13.00%	12.50%
Real Estate	8.00%	10.95%	8.00%	8.58%
Real Assets	3.00%	8.20%	3.00%	8.40%
High Yield	4.50%	6.74%	4.50%	6.97%
Private Credit	8.00%	8.90%	8.00%	9.20%
Investment Grade Credit	7.00%	5.37%	7.00%	5.19%
Cash Equivalents	2.00%	3.57%	2.00%	3.31%
U.S. Treasuries	4.00%	3.57%	4.00%	3.31%
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	7.10%	3.00%	6.21%
-	100.00%		100.00%	

NOTE 5 DETAILED NOTES – RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% and 7.00% as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the nonemployer contributing entity will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on these assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Collective Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rates used:

	June 30, 2024							
Authoritu'a Dranationata Shara		1% Decrease <u>6.00%</u>	Current Discount Rate <u>7.00%</u>		1% Increase <u>8.00%</u>			
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	8,362,244	\$	6,293,297	\$	4,532,634		
			Jun	e 30, 2023				
		1% Decrease <u>6.00%</u>	Current Discount Rate 7.00%		1% Increase <u>8.00%</u>			
Authority's Proportionate Share								
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	9,125,191	\$	7,009,741	\$	5,209,213		

NOTE 6 <u>DETAILED NOTES – NET POSITION</u>

RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The Authority has restricted net position for the following purposes in accordance with the requirements of its Bond Resolution.

	 2024	 2023
Debt Service	\$ 1,531,798	\$ 1,531,798
Operating	1,765,000	1,715,000
Renewal and Replacement	700,000	1,000,000

UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION

Designated:

The Authority has, by resolution, designated a portion of its Unrestricted Net Position for the following purposes:

<u>Subsequent Year's Expenditures</u> – The amount so designated as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 is \$50,000 and \$50,000, respectively.

Undesignated:

The balance of unrestricted and undesignated net position (deficit) as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 of \$(5,837,140) and \$(5,132,237), respectively, is comprised of the following:

	 2024	 2023
Amount Related to Pensions (GASB 68 and 71)	\$ (7,341,130)	\$ (7,825,588)
Undesignated before GASB 68 and 71		
Pension Related Items	 1,503,990	 2,693,351
	\$ (5,837,140)	\$ (5,132,237)

NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority purchases commercial insurance for risk of loss. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 8 RELATED ENTITY TRANSACTIONS

On April 3, 2009, the Authority entered into an agreement with the City of Vineland ("City") to lease 15.87 acres of land owned by the Authority to the City, who then sublet the land to Conectiv Vineland Solar, LLC, for the purpose of constructing and operating a solar photovoltaic electric generating facility. The term of the lease shall end on the date the City's Power Purchase and Sale Agreement with Conectiv Vineland Solar, LLC ends, or

NOTE 8 RELATED ENTITY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

such date the City and the Authority may agree upon. The maximum term shall not exceed thirty (30) years without written approval of the Authority. The Authority will receive a percentage of the City's savings from the solar energy delivered both on a monthly and annual basis during the term of the agreement. There are no fixed amounts due under this agreement, therefore the provisions of GASB 87 (Leases) do not apply to this agreement. As described in Note 1, the Authority is a related organization to the City of Vineland, but not a Component Unit of the City.

NOTE 9 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During 2024 the Authority determined that their Lease Receivable and Deferred Inflow of Resources Related to Leases were inadvertently overstated at the time of implementation of GASB 87. As a result, certain account balances as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023 have been restated. The following table illustrates the restatement:

Statement of Net Position									
	January 1, 2023	December 31, 2023							
Net Position as Previously Reported	\$ 41,995,544	\$ 41,016,341							
Prior Period Adjustment:									
Assets: Lease Receivables - Current Lease Receivables - Noncurrent	2,967 1,755,081	3,091 1,751,990							
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred Amount Relating to Leases	(1,622,537)	(1,551,992)							
Rounding		(3)							
Net Position as Restated	\$ 42,131,055	\$ 41,219,427							
Statement of Revenues, Expenses a	nd Changes in Net F	osition							
	2023 (As Previously Reported)	2023 As Restated							
Non-Operating Revenue: Lease Income Interest Income on Leases	72,253 3,627 \$ 75,880	70,545 72,913 \$ 143,458							

NOTE 10 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In June of 2024, the Authority adopted a resolution authorizing the issuance of not to exceed \$3,000,000 Revenue Bonds and any Notes issued in anticipation thereof through the New Jersey Infrastructure Bank Financing Program. The Bonds are to be issued to provide funds to finance: the cost to rehabilitate approximately one mile of sanitary sewer main ranging from 8-inch to 48-inch diameter pipe in the vicinity of Mill Road (from Almond Road to Landis Avenue to the treatment plant) and Gheysen Avenue, improve electrical upgrades at the treatment plant, purchase a back-up generator, and rehabilitate a pump station. In June of 2025 the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) determined that the project qualifies for, and they approved, a short-term loan in the amount of \$1,492,730 based on the low bids received for the project. The NJDEP also determined that the project is eligible of \$1,492,730 in Affordability Clean Water principal forgiveness at the time of the long-term financing.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART II

THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PART II SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE, EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS AND NOTES

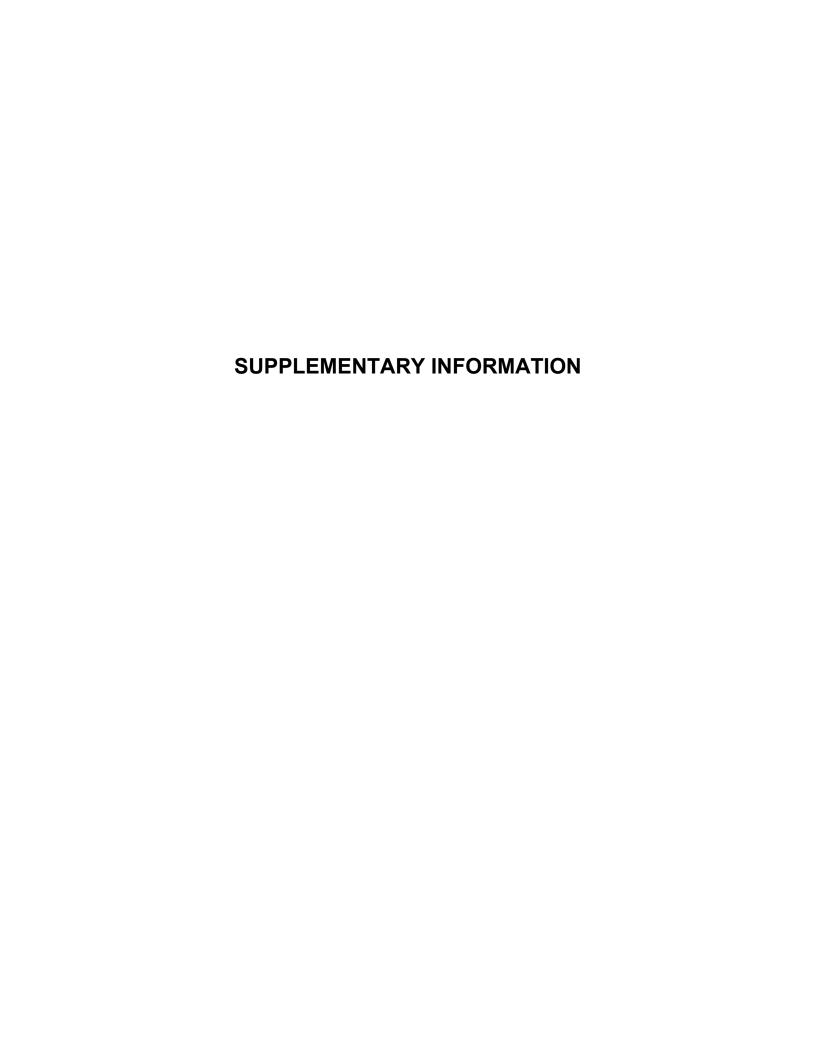
		:	Sche	dule of Proporti	ionate	Share of Net	Pensi	ion Liability at	June	30 (measurem	ent c	date)								
		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Authority's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0	463149496%	0.	.0483951970%	0.0	0481524882%	0.0	0482235655%	0.0	470117652%	0.0	0462832820%	0.0	0464147700%	0.0	0420005241%	0.0	0461319889%	0.0	433908573
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	6,293,297	\$	7,009,741	\$	7,266,873	\$	5,712,804	\$	7,666,389	\$	8,339,545	\$	9,138,837	\$	9,777,051	\$	13,662,972	\$	9,740,37
Authority's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	3,740,952	\$	3,568,848	\$	3,485,112	\$	3,534,012	\$	3,316,416	\$	3,289,000	\$	3,259,500	\$	2,991,632	\$	3,164,092	\$	2,863,01
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of it's Covered-Employee Payroll		168.23%		196.41%		208.51%		161.65%		231.16%		253.56%		280.38%		326.81%		431.81%		340.21
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		68.22%		65.23%		62.91%		70.33%		58.32%		56.27%		53.60%		48.10%		40.14%		47.93
						Schedule of E	mploy	yer Contributio	ns											
		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	630,217	\$	646,815	\$	607,226	\$	564,754	\$	514,285	\$	450,200	\$	461,677	\$	389,090	\$	409,830	\$	373,04
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$	(630,217)	\$	(646,815)	\$	(607,226)	\$	(564,754)	\$	(514,285)	\$	(450,200)	\$	(461,677)	\$	(389,090)		(409,830)		(373,04
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-
Authority's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	3,852,385	\$	3,771,792	\$	3,574,658	\$	3,510,626	\$	3,528,853	\$	3,384,006	\$	3,220,335	\$	3,237,854	\$	3,050,187	\$	3,126,640
Contributions as a Percentage of Authority's Covered-Employee Payr	ol	16.36%		17.15%		16.99%		16.09%		14.57%		13.30%		14.34%		12.02%		13.44%		11.939
							Note	es												
Changes in Benefit Terms - The Division of Pensions and Ber interest was credited on member																				eath,

Changes in Assumptions - In accordance with Paragraph 44 of GASB Statement No. 67 the discount rate for June 30, changed as follows:

2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2019	2018	2017	2016
7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	6.28%	5.66%	5.00%	3.98%	4.90%

Schedule Presentation - These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.



THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITIONNET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS, RESTRICTED AND UNRESTRICTED YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

		UNREST	RICTED		RESTR		TOTALS (MEMO)			
	NET INVESTMENT	UNDESIGNATED	DECICNATED	DEBT	CONSTRUCTION	RENEWAL AND	ODEDATING	2024	2023	
	IN CAPITAL ASSETS	UNDESIGNATED	DESIGNATED	SERVICE	CONSTRUCTION	REPLACEMENT	OPERATING	2024	(RESTATED)	
OPERATING REVENUE: User Charges and Fees Connection Fees Other	\$ -	\$ 11,106,182 152,420 381,098	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,106,182 152,420 381,098	\$ 11,139,464 385,312 378,120	
		11,639,700						11,639,700	11,902,896	
OPERATING EXPENSES: Cost of Providing Services Administrative and General Depreciation		7,938,281 2,245,081 2,810,207						7,938,281 2,245,081 2,810,207	7,798,321 2,274,032 2,813,145	
		12,993,569				-		12,993,569	12,885,498	
OPERATING LOSS		(1,353,869)						(1,353,869)	(982,602)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES): Miscellaneous Income Interest Income Lease Income Interest Income on Leases Interest Expense Appropriation to City of Vineland Gain on Disposal of Capital Asset Increase (Decrease) on Sale of Investments Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments		67,223 245,760 70,545 72,788 (913,471) (50,000) 834 8,438 9,262		92,202	3,772	50,527		67,223 392,261 70,545 72,788 (913,471) (50,000) 834 8,438 9,262	453,634 338,117 70,545 72,913 (932,434) (50,000)	
	<u> </u>	(488,621)		92,202	3,772	50,527		(342,120)	7,514	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	-	(1,842,490)	-	92,202	3,772	50,527	-	(1,695,989)	(975,088) 63,460	
TRANSFERS AND ADJUSTMENTS: Interest Income Other Transfers	(741,086)	95,974 1,041,613		(92,202)	(3,772)	(350,527)	50,000	<u> </u>		
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	(741,086)	(704,903)	-	-	-	(300,000)	50,000	(1,695,989)	(911,628)	
NET POSITION - JANUARY 1,	42,054,866	(5,132,237)	50,000	1,531,798		1,000,000	1,715,000	41,219,427	42,131,055	
NET POSITION - DECEMBER 31,	\$ 41,313,780	\$ (5,837,140)	\$ 50,000	\$ 1,531,798	\$ -	\$ 700,000	\$ 1,765,000	\$ 39,523,438	\$ 41,219,427	
UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION (DEFICIT)- UNDESIGNATED-										

(7,341,130)

1,503,990 (5,837,140)

Related to Pensions (GASB 68 and 71)

Before GASB 68 and 71 Pension Related Items

THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND COSTS FUNDED BY REVENUES COMPARED TO BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Page Page		2024 BUDGET	2024 ACTUAL	2023 ACTUAL (RESTATED)
Connection and Lateral Fees 200,000 152,420 385,312 Other Revenue 570,000 591,654 975,212 Interest Income 250,000 392,261 338,117 Total Revenue 12,300,000 12,242,517 12,838,105 EXPENSES: Cost of Providing Services: Salaries - Supervision 1,350,000 1,393,251 1,400,210 Salaries - Supervision 1,493,000 1,899,011 1,683,793 Payroll Taxes 288,000 274,878 276,063 Employee Benefits 1,192,000 1,237,115 1,78,602 Hillies and Telephone 1,192,000 1,237,115 1,78,602 Miscellaneous Materials and Supplies 242,000 206,755 266,452 Repairs and Maintenance 284,000 246,098 242,836 Grit and Grease Disposal 19,000 16,071 18,159 Mobile Equipment Expense 144,000 138,147 147,838 Chemicals 382,000 291,828 428,477 Industrial Pretreatment 43,0	REVENUE:			
EXPENSES: Lagrange of the providing Services: Salaries - Supervision 1,350,000 1,393,251 1,400,210 Salaries - Supervision 1,350,000 2,286,210 2,225,948 Employee Benefits 1,493,000 1,899,011 1,683,793 Payroll Taxes 288,000 274,878 276,063 Utilities and Telephone 1,192,000 1,237,115 1,178,602 Miscellaneous Materials and Supplies 242,000 206,755 266,452 Repairs and Maintenance 284,000 248,098 242,836 Laboratory Testing 108,000 42,201 32,196 Grit and Grease Disposal 19,000 16,071 18,159 Mobile Equipment Expense 144,000 138,147 147,838 Chemicals 382,000 291,828 428,477 Industrial Pretreatment 43,000 51,352 23,229 Sewer Backup and Clean-up Costs 17,000 11,911 4,982 Farm Supplies, Maintenance and Utilities 175,000 221,172 217,677 Salarie	Connection and Lateral Fees Other Revenue	200,000 570,000	152,420 591,654	385,312 975,212
Cost of Providing Services: Salaries - Supervision 1,350,000 1,393,251 1,400,210 Salaries and Wages 2,245,000 2,286,210 2,252,948 Employee Benefits 1,493,000 1,899,011 1,683,793 Payroll Taxes 288,000 274,878 276,063 Utilities and Telephone 1,192,000 1,237,115 1,178,602 Miscellaneous Materials and Supplies 242,000 248,098 242,836 Laboratory Testing 108,000 42,201 32,196 Grit and Grease Disposal 19,000 16,071 18,159 Mobile Equipment Expense 144,000 138,147 147,838 Chemicals 382,000 291,828 428,477 Industrial Pretreatment 43,000 51,352 23,229 Sewer Backup and Clean-up Costs 17,000 11,901 4,982 Farm Supplies, Maintenance and Utilities 175,000 221,172 217,677 Administrative and General Expenses: 380,000 76,673 87,532 Professional Services 173,000 182,539 175,492 Insurance 231,000 226,731 225,026 Travel 3,000 4,889 4,219 Public Relations 1,000 12,000 Permit Fees 103,000 115,477 89,248 Office Expenses 39,000 104,245 87,194 Chairman's Expenses 122,000 1,000 7,341 7,085 Household Hazardous Waste Clean-Up Day 4,000 2,349,830 2,382,496				
Cost of Providing Services: Salaries - Supervision 1,350,000 1,393,251 1,400,210 Salaries - Supervision 1,350,000 2,286,210 2,252,948 Employee Benefits 1,493,000 1,899,011 1,683,793 Payroll Taxes 288,000 274,878 276,063 Utilities and Telephone 1,192,000 1,237,115 1,178,602 Miscellaneous Materials and Supplies 242,000 206,755 266,452 Repairs and Maintenance 284,000 248,098 242,836 Laboratory Testing 108,000 42,201 32,196 Grit and Grease Disposal 19,000 16,071 18,159 Mobile Equipment Expense 144,000 138,147 147,838 Chemicals 382,000 291,828 428,477 Industrial Pretreatment 43,000 51,352 23,229 Sewer Backup and Clean-up Costs 175,000 11,901 4,982 Farm Supplies, Maintenance and Utilities 175,000 221,172 217,677 Administrative and General Expenses: 3000				
Salaries - Supervision 1,350,000 1,393,251 1,400,210 Salaries and Wages 2,245,000 2,286,210 2,252,948 Employee Benefits 1,493,000 1,899,011 1,683,793 Payroll Taxes 288,000 274,878 276,063 Utilities and Telephone 1,192,000 1,237,115 1,178,602 Miscellaneous Materials and Supplies 242,000 206,755 266,452 Repairs and Maintenance 284,000 248,098 242,836 Laboratory Testing 108,000 42,201 32,196 Grit and Grease Disposal 19,000 16,071 18,159 Mobile Equipment Expense 144,000 138,147 147,838 Chemicals 382,000 291,828 428,477 Industrial Pretreatment 43,000 51,352 23,229 Sewer Backup and Clean-up Costs 17,000 11,901 4,982 Farm Supplies, Maintenance and Utilities 175,000 221,172 217,677 Administrative and General Expenses: 1,005,000 1,015,693 1,056,232	EXPENSES:			
Salaries and Wages 2,245,000 2,286,210 2,252,948 Employee Benefits 1,493,000 1,899,011 1,683,793 Payroll Taxes 288,000 274,878 276,063 Utilities and Telephone 1,192,000 1,237,115 1,178,602 Miscellaneous Materials and Supplies 242,000 206,755 266,452 Repairs and Maintenance 284,000 248,098 242,836 Laboratory Testing 108,000 42,201 32,196 Grit and Grease Disposal 19,000 16,071 18,159 Mobile Equipment Expense 144,000 138,147 147,838 Chemicals 382,000 291,828 428,477 Industrial Pretreatment 43,000 51,352 23,229 Sewer Backup and Clean-up Costs 17,000 21,191 4,982 Farm Supplies, Maintenance and Utilities 175,000 221,172 217,677 Administrative and General Expenses: Salaries and Wages 1,005,000 1,015,693 1,056,232 Employee Benefits 467,000 462,925	Cost of Providing Services:			
Employee Benefits 1,493,000 1,899,011 1,683,793 Payroll Taxes 288,000 274,878 276,063 Utilities and Telephone 1,192,000 1,237,115 1,178,602 Miscellaneous Materials and Supplies 242,000 206,755 266,452 Repairs and Maintenance 284,000 248,098 242,836 Laboratory Testing 108,000 42,201 32,196 Grit and Grease Disposal 19,000 16,071 18,159 Mobile Equipment Expense 144,000 138,147 147,838 Chemicals 382,000 291,828 428,477 Industrial Pretreatment 43,000 51,352 23,229 Sewer Backup and Clean-up Costs 17,000 11,901 4,982 Farm Supplies, Maintenance and Utilities 175,000 221,172 217,677 Administrative and General Expenses: Salaries and Wages 1,005,000 1,015,693 1,056,232 Employee Benefits 467,000 462,925 507,714 Payroll Taxes 80,000 76,673	Salaries - Supervision	1,350,000	1,393,251	1,400,210
Payroll Taxes 288,000 274,878 276,063 Utilities and Telephone 1,192,000 1,237,115 1,178,602 Miscellaneous Materials and Supplies 242,000 206,755 266,452 Repairs and Maintenance 284,000 248,098 242,836 Laboratory Testing 108,000 42,201 32,196 Grit and Grease Disposal 19,000 16,071 18,159 Mobile Equipment Expense 144,000 138,147 147,838 Chemicals 382,000 291,828 428,477 Industrial Pretreatment 43,000 51,352 23,229 Sewer Backup and Clean-up Costs 17,000 11,901 4,982 Farm Supplies, Maintenance and Utilities 175,000 221,172 217,677 Administrative and General Expenses: 382,000 8,317,990 8,173,462 Administrative and General Expenses: 382,000 1,015,693 1,056,232 Employee Benefits 467,000 462,925 507,714 Payroll Taxes 80,000 76,673 87,532	Salaries and Wages	2,245,000		2,252,948
Utilities and Telephone 1,192,000 1,237,115 1,178,602 Miscellaneous Materials and Supplies 242,000 206,755 266,452 Repairs and Maintenance 284,000 248,098 242,836 Laboratory Testing 108,000 42,201 32,196 Grit and Grease Disposal 19,000 16,071 18,159 Mobile Equipment Expense 144,000 138,147 147,838 Chemicals 382,000 291,828 428,477 Industrial Pretreatment 43,000 51,352 23,229 Sewer Backup and Clean-up Costs 17,000 11,901 4,982 Farm Supplies, Maintenance and Utilities 175,000 221,172 217,677 Administrative and General Expenses: 382,000 8,317,990 8,173,462 Administrative and Wages 1,005,000 1,015,693 1,056,232 Employee Benefits 467,000 462,925 507,714 Payroll Taxes 80,000 76,673 87,532 Professional Services 173,000 182,539 175,492				
Miscellaneous Materials and Supplies 242,000 206,755 266,452 Repairs and Maintenance 284,000 248,098 242,836 Laboratory Testing 108,000 42,201 32,196 Grit and Grease Disposal 19,000 16,071 18,159 Mobile Equipment Expense 144,000 138,147 147,838 Chemicals 382,000 291,828 428,477 Industrial Pretreatment 43,000 51,352 23,229 Sewer Backup and Clean-up Costs 17,000 11,901 4,982 Farm Supplies, Maintenance and Utilities 175,000 221,172 217,677 Administrative and General Expenses: 33,000 8,317,990 8,173,462 Administrative and General Expenses: 467,000 462,925 507,714 Payroll Taxes 467,000 462,925 507,714 Payroll Taxes 80,000 76,673 87,532 Professional Services 173,000 182,539 175,492 Insurance 231,000 226,731 225,026 Travel 3,000 4,889 4,219 Public				
Repairs and Maintenance 284,000 248,098 242,836 Laboratory Testing 108,000 42,201 32,196 Grit and Grease Disposal 19,000 16,071 18,159 Mobile Equipment Expense 144,000 138,147 147,838 Chemicals 382,000 291,828 428,477 Industrial Pretreatment 43,000 51,352 23,229 Sewer Backup and Clean-up Costs 17,000 11,901 4,982 Farm Supplies, Maintenance and Utilities 175,000 221,172 217,677 Administrative and General Expenses: 382,000 8,317,990 8,173,462 Administrative and General Expenses: 382,000 1,015,693 1,056,232 Employee Benefits 467,000 462,925 507,714 Payroll Taxes 80,000 76,673 87,532 Professional Services 173,000 182,539 175,492 Insurance 231,000 226,731 225,026 Travel 3,000 4,889 4,219 Public Relations				
Laboratory Testing 108,000 42,201 32,196 Grit and Grease Disposal 19,000 16,071 18,159 Mobile Equipment Expense 144,000 138,147 147,838 Chemicals 382,000 291,828 428,477 Industrial Pretreatment 43,000 51,352 23,229 Sewer Backup and Clean-up Costs 17,000 11,901 4,982 Farm Supplies, Maintenance and Utilities 175,000 221,172 217,677 Administrative and General Expenses: 382,000 8,317,990 8,173,462 Administrative and General Expenses: 382,000 1,015,693 1,056,232 Employee Benefits 467,000 462,925 507,714 Payroll Taxes 80,000 76,673 87,532 Professional Services 173,000 182,539 175,492 Insurance 231,000 226,731 225,026 Travel 3,000 4,889 4,219 Public Relations 1,000 30 1,612 City of Vineland - Tax Office			•	· ·
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Mobile Equipment Expense 144,000 138,147 147,838 Chemicals 382,000 291,828 428,477 Industrial Pretreatment 43,000 51,352 23,229 Sewer Backup and Clean-up Costs 17,000 11,901 4,982 Farm Supplies, Maintenance and Utilities 175,000 221,172 217,677 Administrative and General Expenses: 3,317,990 8,173,462 Administrative and General Expenses: 3,317,990 8,173,462 Administrative and General Expenses: 3,300,000 1,015,693 1,056,232 Employee Benefits 467,000 462,925 507,714 Payroll Taxes 80,000 76,673 87,532 Professional Services 173,000 182,539 175,492 Insurance 231,000 126,731 225,026 Travel 3,000 4,889 4,219 Public Relations 1,000 30 1,612 City of Vineland - Tax Office 12,000 12,000 12,000 Permit Fees 103,000 137,286				· ·
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Industrial Pretreatment 43,000 51,352 23,229 Sewer Backup and Clean-up Costs 17,000 11,901 4,982 Farm Supplies, Maintenance and Utilities 175,000 221,172 217,677 Administrative and General Expenses: Salaries and Wages 1,005,000 1,015,693 1,056,232 Employee Benefits 467,000 462,925 507,714 Payroll Taxes 80,000 76,673 87,532 Professional Services 173,000 182,539 175,492 Insurance 231,000 226,731 225,026 Travel 3,000 4,889 4,219 Public Relations 1,000 30 1,612 City of Vineland - Tax Office 12,000 12,000 12,000 Permit Fees 103,000 137,286 125,142 Miscellaneous Expense 122,000 115,477 89,248 Office Expenses 93,000 104,245 87,194 Chairman's Expenses 10,000 7,341 7,085 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>· ·</td><td></td></td<>			· ·	
Sewer Backup and Clean-up Costs 17,000 11,901 4,982 Farm Supplies, Maintenance and Utilities 175,000 221,172 217,677 Administrative and General Expenses: Salaries and Wages 1,005,000 1,015,693 1,056,232 Employee Benefits 467,000 462,925 507,714 Payroll Taxes 80,000 76,673 87,532 Professional Services 173,000 182,539 175,492 Insurance 231,000 226,731 225,026 Travel 3,000 4,889 4,219 Public Relations 1,000 30 1,612 City of Vineland - Tax Office 12,000 12,000 12,000 Permit Fees 103,000 137,286 125,142 Miscellaneous Expense 122,000 115,477 89,248 Office Expenses 93,000 104,245 87,194 Chairman's Expenses 10,000 7,341 7,085 Household Hazardous Waste Clean-Up Day 4,000 4,000 4,000				
Farm Supplies, Maintenance and Utilities 175,000 221,172 217,677 Administrative and General Expenses: 7,982,000 8,317,990 8,173,462 Administrative and General Expenses: 3,005,000 1,015,693 1,056,232 Employee Benefits 467,000 462,925 507,714 Payroll Taxes 80,000 76,673 87,532 Professional Services 173,000 182,539 175,492 Insurance 231,000 226,731 225,026 Travel 3,000 4,889 4,219 Public Relations 1,000 30 1,612 City of Vineland - Tax Office 12,000 12,000 12,000 Permit Fees 103,000 137,286 125,142 Miscellaneous Expense 122,000 115,477 89,248 Office Expenses 93,000 104,245 87,194 Chairman's Expenses 10,000 7,341 7,085 Household Hazardous Waste Clean-Up Day 4,000 4,000 4,000				
Administrative and General Expenses: Salaries and Wages 1,005,000 1,015,693 1,056,232 Employee Benefits 467,000 462,925 507,714 Payroll Taxes 80,000 76,673 87,532 Professional Services 173,000 182,539 175,492 Insurance 231,000 226,731 225,026 Travel 3,000 4,889 4,219 Public Relations 1,000 30 1,612 City of Vineland - Tax Office 12,000 12,000 Permit Fees 103,000 137,286 125,142 Miscellaneous Expense 122,000 115,477 89,248 Office Expenses 93,000 104,245 87,194 Chairman's Expenses 10,000 7,341 7,085 Household Hazardous Waste Clean-Up Day 4,000 2,349,830 2,382,496				
Administrative and General Expenses: Salaries and Wages 1,005,000 1,015,693 1,056,232 Employee Benefits 467,000 462,925 507,714 Payroll Taxes 80,000 76,673 87,532 Professional Services 173,000 182,539 175,492 Insurance 231,000 226,731 225,026 Travel 3,000 4,889 4,219 Public Relations 1,000 30 1,612 City of Vineland - Tax Office 12,000 12,000 12,000 Permit Fees 103,000 137,286 125,142 Miscellaneous Expense 102,000 115,477 89,248 Office Expenses 93,000 104,245 87,194 Chairman's Expenses 10,000 7,341 7,085 Household Hazardous Waste Clean-Up Day 4,000 4,000 4,000	Farm Supplies, Maintenance and Othities	175,000	221,172	217,077
Salaries and Wages 1,005,000 1,015,693 1,056,232 Employee Benefits 467,000 462,925 507,714 Payroll Taxes 80,000 76,673 87,532 Professional Services 173,000 182,539 175,492 Insurance 231,000 226,731 225,026 Travel 3,000 4,889 4,219 Public Relations 1,000 30 1,612 City of Vineland - Tax Office 12,000 12,000 12,000 Permit Fees 103,000 137,286 125,142 Miscellaneous Expense 122,000 115,477 89,248 Office Expenses 93,000 104,245 87,194 Chairman's Expenses 10,000 7,341 7,085 Household Hazardous Waste Clean-Up Day 4,000 4,000 4,000		7,982,000	8,317,990	8,173,462
Employee Benefits 467,000 462,925 507,714 Payroll Taxes 80,000 76,673 87,532 Professional Services 173,000 182,539 175,492 Insurance 231,000 226,731 225,026 Travel 3,000 4,889 4,219 Public Relations 1,000 30 1,612 City of Vineland - Tax Office 12,000 12,000 12,000 Permit Fees 103,000 137,286 125,142 Miscellaneous Expense 122,000 115,477 89,248 Office Expenses 93,000 104,245 87,194 Chairman's Expenses 10,000 7,341 7,085 Household Hazardous Waste Clean-Up Day 4,000 4,000 4,000				
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Professional Services 173,000 182,539 175,492 Insurance 231,000 226,731 225,026 Travel 3,000 4,889 4,219 Public Relations 1,000 30 1,612 City of Vineland - Tax Office 12,000 12,000 12,000 Permit Fees 103,000 137,286 125,142 Miscellaneous Expense 122,000 115,477 89,248 Office Expenses 93,000 104,245 87,194 Chairman's Expenses 10,000 7,341 7,085 Household Hazardous Waste Clean-Up Day 4,000 4,000 4,000 2,304,000 2,349,830 2,382,496				
Insurance 231,000 226,731 225,026 Travel 3,000 4,889 4,219 Public Relations 1,000 30 1,612 City of Vineland - Tax Office 12,000 12,000 12,000 Permit Fees 103,000 137,286 125,142 Miscellaneous Expense 122,000 115,477 89,248 Office Expenses 93,000 104,245 87,194 Chairman's Expenses 10,000 7,341 7,085 Household Hazardous Waste Clean-Up Day 4,000 4,000 4,000 2,304,000 2,349,830 2,382,496				
Travel 3,000 4,889 4,219 Public Relations 1,000 30 1,612 City of Vineland - Tax Office 12,000 12,000 12,000 Permit Fees 103,000 137,286 125,142 Miscellaneous Expense 122,000 115,477 89,248 Office Expenses 93,000 104,245 87,194 Chairman's Expenses 10,000 7,341 7,085 Household Hazardous Waste Clean-Up Day 4,000 4,000 4,000 2,304,000 2,349,830 2,382,496				
Public Relations 1,000 30 1,612 City of Vineland - Tax Office 12,000 12,000 12,000 Permit Fees 103,000 137,286 125,142 Miscellaneous Expense 122,000 115,477 89,248 Office Expenses 93,000 104,245 87,194 Chairman's Expenses 10,000 7,341 7,085 Household Hazardous Waste Clean-Up Day 4,000 4,000 4,000 2,304,000 2,349,830 2,382,496				
City of Vineland - Tax Office 12,000 12,000 12,000 Permit Fees 103,000 137,286 125,142 Miscellaneous Expense 122,000 115,477 89,248 Office Expenses 93,000 104,245 87,194 Chairman's Expenses 10,000 7,341 7,085 Household Hazardous Waste Clean-Up Day 4,000 4,000 4,000 2,304,000 2,349,830 2,382,496				
Permit Fees 103,000 137,286 125,142 Miscellaneous Expense 122,000 115,477 89,248 Office Expenses 93,000 104,245 87,194 Chairman's Expenses 10,000 7,341 7,085 Household Hazardous Waste Clean-Up Day 4,000 4,000 4,000 2,304,000 2,349,830 2,382,496				
Miscellaneous Expense 122,000 115,477 89,248 Office Expenses 93,000 104,245 87,194 Chairman's Expenses 10,000 7,341 7,085 Household Hazardous Waste Clean-Up Day 4,000 4,000 4,000 2,304,000 2,349,830 2,382,496				
Office Expenses 93,000 104,245 87,194 Chairman's Expenses 10,000 7,341 7,085 Household Hazardous Waste Clean-Up Day 4,000 4,000 4,000 2,304,000 2,349,830 2,382,496				
Chairman's Expenses 10,000 7,341 7,085 Household Hazardous Waste Clean-Up Day 4,000 4,000 4,000 2,304,000 2,349,830 2,382,496				
Household Hazardous Waste Clean-Up Day 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 2,349,830 2,382,496				· ·
Interest Expense 911,000 913,471 932,434		2,304,000	2,349,830	2,382,496
	Interest Expense	911,000	913,471	932,434

THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND COSTS FUNDED BY REVENUES COMPARED TO BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

					2023
		2024	2024		ACTUAL
		BUDGET	ACTUAL	(R	ESTATED)
OTHER COSTS FUNDED BY REVENUE:					
Principal Maturities	\$	621,000	\$ 620,823	\$	596,917
Debt Service Coverage Requirement Municipal Appropriations		65,000 50,000	50,000		50,000
Capital Outlays		417,000	438,378		407,801
		,			,
		1,153,000	 1,109,201		1,054,718
TOTAL COSTS FUNDED BY REVENUE		12,350,000	12,690,492		12,543,110
TOTAL COSTS I GIDLD BY REVENUE		12,330,000	 12,090,492		12,043,110
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) COSTS FUNDED BY REVENUES	\$	(50,000)	(447,976)		294,995
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to Change in Net Position	n:				
Adjustments to Budgetary Basis:					
Capital Contributions			-		63,460
Abandoned Projects			-		-
Principal Maturities Capital Outlays			620,823 438,378		596,917 407,801
Depreciation			(2,810,207)		(2,813,145)
Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments			9,262		54,739
Gain on Disposal of Capital Asset			834		-
Gain on Sale of Investments			8,438		-
Pension Expense - Difference of GAAP vs. Budgetary Basis			 484,459		483,604
CHANGE IN NET POSITION PER EXHIBIT B			\$ (1,695,989)	\$	(911,628)
			 (,===,===)		(,)

THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF SEWER REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE DECEMBER 31, 2024

	ORIGINAL MATURITIES INTEREST DESCRIPTION DATE AMOUNT RATE DATE AMOUNT		S	BALANCE		PRINCIPAL PAID 2024		BALANCE					
DESCRIPTION			MOUNT	 JANUARY 1, 2024	1SSUED 2024			DECEMBER 31, 2024					
Issue of 2016	8/11/2016	\$	25,000,000	3.95% 3.95% 3.95% 3.95% 3.95% 3.95% 3.95% 3.95% 3.95% 3.95% 3.95% 3.95% 3.95% 3.95%	12/31/2025 12/31/2026 12/31/2027 12/31/2028 12/31/2029 12/31/2030 12/31/2031 12/31/2033 12/31/2034 12/31/2035 12/31/2036 12/31/2037 12/31/2038 12/31/2039 12/31/2039	\$	645,686 671,545 698,440 726,411 755,503 785,760 817,228 849,957 883,997 919,400 956,220 994,516 1,034,344 1,075,769 1,118,852 1,163,660	\$ 22,746,736		\$	620,823	\$	22,125,913
				3.95% 3.95% 3.95% 3.95% 3.95% 3.95% 3.95%	12/31/2041 12/31/2042 12/31/2043 12/31/2044 12/31/2045 12/31/2046		1,210,263 1,258,732 1,309,143 1,361,572 1,416,101 1,472,814						
								\$ 22,746,736	\$ -	\$	620,823	\$	22,125,913

THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and with audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey.

None Noted

THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

This section identifies the status of prior year findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and with audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey.

None Noted

THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY **ROSTER OF OFFICIALS**

Authority Members	<u>Position</u>	Amount of Surety Bond
Joseph J. Reuben, III	Chairman	\$ 10,000
Alan R. Angelo	Vice-Chairman	10,000
Ryan R. Headley	Secretary	10,000
Yarilee J. Miranda	Treasurer	10,000
Perry D. Barse	Assistant Secretary/Treasurer	10,000

Other Officials

Gruccio, Pepper, De Santo & Ruth, PA

Solicitor

Anthony K. Tobolski **Executive Director** 10,000

Cumberland Advisors/

Cumberland Consulting Financial Advisor

Surety Companies

Selective Insurance Company of America